Preparing an Effective Poster Presentation

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Purpose of a Poster

- Summarize information or research <u>concisely</u> and <u>attractively</u>
- Help publicize it and generate discussion
- Mixture of a <u>brief text</u> mixed with <u>tables</u>, <u>graphs</u>, <u>pictures</u>

An academic poster is judged on the basis of

- Content
- Structure
- Visual Impact
- Clarity

Where to begin... CONTENT

- **Define your audience**: specialists/generalists/general public
- Distill your message: What is the most important/interesting/astounding finding from your research?
 - a. Identify key point(s)
 - b. Rough draft:
 - i. Decide on title (you can change later)
 - ii. Organize information: Jot down key points in logical order to tell a story
- **Prepare graphics:** How can you visually share my research?
 - a. Graphics needed to convey key points (4 maybe 5)
 - b. Identify what <u>doesn't</u> need to be there

Poster structure: your choice

Note: there is **no abstract** in a poster, a poster *is* an abstract, albeit, one with **graphics**

- Title
- Introduction
- Methods: short
- Results
- Discussion
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements
- References

- Title
- Motivation
- Objectives
- Results
- Implications
- Acknowledgements
- References

- Atmospheric N supply to the surface gyre
- Sources of atmospheric N
- N isotopes as tracer of source
- Ocean source of atmospheric N
- Implications for ocean N budget
- Acknowledgements
- References

Software for poster design

- **PowerPoint:** A popular, easy-to-use
- Adobe Illustrator, Photoshop and InDesign: Feature-rich professional software with high-resolution images, but more complex
- **Open-source Alternatives**: I'm sure they exist...

Typical poster sizes

- Determine the size of the space provided at conference
 - Typical academic poster sizes

A0 118.9 cm x 84.1 cm **A1** 84.1 cm x 59.4 cm **A2** 59.4 cm x 42.0 cm **A3** 42.0 cm x 29.7 cm

In **Power Point**:

- File \rightarrow Page Setup
 - *Custom* or *AO A3*
 - Specify width and height in cm or inches (check)
 - Portrait or landscape
- Or: Download template online
- Save finished poster as pdf (mac to pc problems)



Title title

Author, Author, and Author Address(es)



Literature cited

Blah, blah, and blah. 2012. Blahing, blahing, and more blahing. Journal of Blahology 1:1-2. Blah, blah, and blah. 2012. Blahing, blahing, and more blahing. Journal of Blahology 1:1-2. Blah, blah, and blah. 2012. Blahing, blahing, and more blahing. Journal of Blahology 1:1-2.
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Journal of Blahology 1:1-2.
Blah, blah, and blah. 2012. Blahing, blahing, and more blahing.
Journal of Blahology 1:1-2.

Acknowledgments Blah, blah, blah Further information Blah, blah, blah.

Backgrounds and colors

- Colors and backgrounds should be **subtle**
 - Color should highlight, separate, define and associate information – and remain coherent
 - Color should **not compete** with your information
- Colors may look different on your screen than they will in your print
- Color-blindness: need high contrast bars on graphs, lines on charts and backgrounds and text. Most common is red and green blindness
- Less is more

Rules of Thumb

- Should be legible from about 1 meter, and attract interest from about 5 meters
- Aim for a word count of about ≤ 800 words
- Sans-serif font like Arial or Helvetica
 - Not like this; Or like that; or even this
- Main title should be 70-100 pts, subheadings around 36-40 pts, body text around 24 pts, captions 18 pts
- Format headings and subheadings consistently

Use of graphics

• Use diagrams, graphs or flowcharts to help explain complex information visually

• If your topic has a central statement, graphic or diagram, make this prominent in your design. Don't hide it in a corner!

• Every graphic should have a purpose

Graphics

- Font size = 20 24 pts
- Large symbols
- No title on the top
- Figure caption on the bottom 18-20 pts
- Prominent legend (not lodged in captions)
- Judicious use of colour